Colorado Substance Exposed Newborns
Steering Committee Plan: 2018-2020

Priority Setting

Vision:
A Colorado where a decreasing number of women, children, and families are impacted by substance use during pregnancy and where those who are affected are identified and supported with the appropriate resources, practices, and policies in their communities and across the lifespan

Mission:
To identify and implement strategies for reducing the number of families impacted by substance use during pregnancy and for improving outcomes for families across the lifespan

Values:
- Strengths based
- Supportive and destigmatizing
- Safety and well-being centered
- Research informed
- Data driven
- Innovative
- Assuming statewide leadership
- Inclusive and diverse
- Primary prevention focused
- Utilizing a multigenerational approach
- Using an integrated systems approach

Priority:
Promote community-based strategies to meeting the CAPTA/CARA requirement regarding plans of safe care for infants and caregivers

Priority:
Increase consistency in implementation of best practice approaches in the identification of and response to newborns prenatally exposed to substances and their caregivers at the time of birth across Colorado

Priority:
Expand provider education on related issues such as screening every pregnant woman with a validated screening tool in prenatal, hospital and postpartum settings

Priority:
Develop and pursue a state policy agenda including access to treatment, barriers to engagement, SBIRT promotion, and other issues

Priority:
Assess need for increased FASD identification/clinical diagnostic capacity in the state and develop an expansion plan

Priority:
Increase statewide data, research, and quality improvement capacity in order to inform our work and to share successes and challenges
Committee Structure

Substance Abuse Trend and Response Task Force (Office of Attorney General)

- Plans of Safe Care Work Group
- FASD Identification Work Group
- Provider Education Work Group
- QI, Research, & Data Work Group
- Hospital Learning Collaborative
- Policy Work Group

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Five Points of Intervention

The "Five Points of Intervention" were developed by the National Center for Substance Abuse and Child Welfare and later adapted by the Colorado SubstanceExposed Newborns Steering Committee in their 2012 white paper *Serving Families Impacted by Prenatal Substance Use: Recommendations for Policy and Practice*. The Five Points denote periods of time during which intervention can reduce the potential harm of prenatal and postnatal substance use by women. Each of the Five Points presents an equally crucial opportunity for intervention and underscores the need for a coordinated cross-system response to address this issue.

The Five Points are as follows:

- **Pre-pregnancy**: Interventions during this time frame involve promoting awareness of the effects of prenatal substance use among women of childbearing age and their family members.
- **Prenatal**: This time period begins after a woman discovers she is pregnant and extends until she gives birth. Interventions during this period involve identifying substance use by pregnant women through screening and testing and making referrals that facilitate treatment or related services.
- **Birth**: This time frame encompasses the time of delivery. Interventions during this period involve identification of and response to newborns prenatally exposed to substances and their caregivers in order to ensure early access to assessment, treatment, & support.
- **Neonatal**: This time period begins immediately after delivery and extends through the first 28 days of the child’s life. Interventions involve the medical and developmental assessment of the newborn and the corresponding provision of services for both the newborn and family.
- **Childhood and Adolescence**: This time period begins when the child is 29 days old and extends through age 18. Interventions involve the ongoing provision of coordinated services for both child and family.
Excerpt from the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA), as amended by the Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act (CARA)

States must be operating a statewide program that includes:

106(b)(2)(B)(ii) “Policies and procedures (including appropriate referrals to child protection service systems and for other appropriate services) to address the needs of infants born and identified as affected by substance abuse or withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug exposure or a Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder, including a requirement that health care providers involved in the delivery or care of such infants notify the child protective services system of the occurrence of such condition of such infants, except that such notification shall not be construed to –

(I) establish a definition under Federal law of what constitutes child abuse or neglect; or
(II) require prosecution for any illegal action;

(iii) “The development of a plan of safe care for the infant born and identified as being affected by substance abuse or withdrawal symptoms or Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder to ensure the safety and well-being of such infant following release from the care of healthcare providers, including through –

(I) addressing the health and substance use disorder treatment needs of the infant and affected family or caregiver;
SAVE THE DATE:
The Impact on Children of Caregiver Substance Use Convenings
January 19th, 2018

Over the next four months, this steering committee will guide a process to shape a research-based, viable, multidisciplinary strategy for substantial, actionable change to better meet the needs of children impacted by caregiver substance use.

This work will cover the full spectrum of ways children are impacted— including during fetal development, childhood, and adolescence. For each stage of development, the steering committee will support or plan a convening of stakeholders.

With this encompassing strategy available, service providers and child and family serving agencies will have the guiding strategy necessary to collectively bolster our impact in addressing this issue.

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